

»

• •

“ ”

[1].

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x} = a - (a+x)u, & x > 0, \\ x(0) = x_0 > 0, \\ u \in U = [0; 1], \\ L = \int_0^T \frac{x}{1+x} u dt \rightarrow \max_{u(\cdot) \in \mathcal{U}} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

( )

(Beggiatoa, Thiothrix ),

[2].

,  $x$  ,  $0$  — ,  $u$  — ,  $a > 0$  —  
 ,  $1-u$  —  
 ,  $L[u]$   
 ,  $T$  — [1].

(1)

[3]:

$$x_-(t) \leq x(t) \leq x_+(t), \quad \forall t \in [0; T], \quad (2)$$

$$x_-(t) = x_0 e^{-t}, \quad (3)$$

$$x_+(t) = x_0 + at. \quad (4)$$

(1)

$$L[u] = a \int_0^T W(x(t)) dt - I(x(T)), \quad (5)$$

$$W(x) = \frac{x}{(1+x)(a+x)}, \quad (6)$$

$$I(x(T)) = \int_{x_0}^{x(T)} W(x) dx. \quad (7)$$

(5)

(6)

(7)  $u$

$$x_{sng} = \sqrt{a}, \quad (8)$$

$$x(T) = \frac{a}{2\sqrt{a} + 1}, \quad (9)$$

$$u_{sng} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{1 + \sqrt{a}}, \quad (10)$$

$$u(T) = 1. \quad (11)$$

I.  $x_0 = x_{sng}$ :

$$x_{op}(t) = \begin{cases} x_{sng}, & 0 \leq t \leq \theta, \\ x_{sng} e^{\theta-t}, & \theta < t \leq T, \end{cases} \quad u_{op}(t) = \begin{cases} u_{sng}, & 0 \leq t \leq \theta, \\ 1, & \theta < t \leq T. \end{cases} \quad (12)$$

II.  $0 < x_0 < x_{sng}$ :

$$x_{op}(t) = \begin{cases} x_0 + at, & 0 \leq t \leq \tau, \\ x_{sng}, & \tau < t \leq T, \\ x_{sng} e^{\theta-t}, & \theta < t \leq T, \end{cases} \quad u_{op}(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & 0 \leq t \leq \tau, \\ u_{sng}, & \tau < t \leq T, \\ 1, & \theta < t \leq T, \end{cases} \quad (13)$$

$$\tau = \frac{\sqrt{a} - x_0}{a}. \quad (14)$$

III.  $x_0 > x_{sng}$ :

$$x_{op}(t) = \begin{cases} x_0 e^{-t}, & 0 \leq t \leq \tau, \\ x_{sng}, & \tau < t \leq T, \\ x_{sng} e^{\theta-t}, & \theta < t \leq T, \end{cases} \quad u_{op}(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq t \leq \tau, \\ u_{sng}, & \tau < t \leq T, \\ 1, & \theta < t \leq T, \end{cases} \quad (15)$$

$$\tau = \ln \left( \frac{x_0}{\sqrt{a}} \right). \quad (16)$$

$$\theta = T - \ln \left( 2 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \right). \quad (17)$$

$x_{op}(t)$  ,  $u_{op}(t)$  ,  $(x_0 = x_{sng})$  ,  $(x_0 < x_{sng})$  ,  $(x_0 > x_{sng})$  ,  $( ; T]$  ,  $x_{sng}$  ,  $x_0 = x_{sng}$  ,  $x_0 < x_{sng}$  ,  $x_0 > x_{sng}$  , [4] .

1.H. A. van den Berg, Y. N. Kiselev, S. A. L. M. Kooijman, M. V. Orlov. Optimal allocation between nutrient uptake and growth in a microbial trichome. : Springer Verlag. Journal of Mathematical Biology, 1997. — 37. — . 28 – 48.

2. . . : . . : , 2006 — 54 .

3. . . . . : - . - , 1988 — 140 .

4. . . , . . , . . , . . , — 4- . — . : « » , 1983 — 392 .