

« = -9: »

. - 2013. - .2, .1. - .87-88

$$\vec{B} = B(r, z)\vec{r}^0, \quad r > r_0, \quad r_0 -$$

$$\omega_{[1]}^{*2} = \frac{P_1^2}{1 + \frac{2C\pi Di_0 \gamma_1^{*2}}{lm_0}} + \frac{P_1^2}{1 + \frac{2C\pi Di_0 \gamma_2^{*2}}{lm_0}},$$

1^- , $m -$, $m_0 -$, $i -$, $D -$, $\ell -$

$$\gamma_1^* = \int_0^{\ell/2} W_1(z) B_1(,) ; \quad \gamma_2^* = \int_{\ell/2}^l W_1(z) B_2(,) ,$$

$B_1(, z), B_2(, z)-$

$$; W_1(z) = \sin \frac{\pi}{l} z -$$

10-30%.